35.—Revenues from the Taxation of the Sa	ie, Distribution and Operation of Motor
Vehicles, by Provinces, for	the calendar year 1924.

Provinces.	Passenger Cars.		Motor Cycles.	Dealers' Cars.	Gar- ages.	Operators and Chauf- feurs.	Fines.	Gasolene Tax.	Total, including Miscel- laneous Revenue.
Prince Edward		2		\$		\$	*	\$	\$
Island	51,629	1,830	<b>*</b> 60	398	* →	353	· -	14,235	68.812
Nova Scotia	459,815	59,213		7,239	_	7,184	481	· -	535, 193
New Brunswick	399,886	35,596			148	2,778	362	-	452,490
Quebec	992, 108		1	1	-	528,275		535,585	
Ontario	3,969,342	637,691	15,225	41,076	20,134	36,138	_	_	4,784,697
Manitoba	704,459	49,729		11,265	-	25,365	_	140,000	
Saskatchewan	1,084,746	91,402	1,470	24,550	291			_	1,221,384
Alberta	824,865	1	1,518	9,082	1,015	9,976	_	294,166	
British Columbia	871,566		1	1	-	-	_	433,719	1,438,604
Yukon	792	253	20	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b>				1,131
Total	9,359,208	875,714	23,296	97,510	21,588	613,339	36,700	1,417,705	12,681,721

<sup>1</sup> Included with passenger cars.

## Motor Vehicle Acts and Regulations.

The following is a brief synopsis of the laws and regulations in force in each province.

Prince Edward Island.—Under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1922, and regulations, all cars must be registered in the office of the Provincial Secretary. In addition to a registration fee of five dollars, and marker fee of one dollar, an annual tax of 80 cents per 100 pounds weight is payable on May I, but this is not required of non-residents unless the car is used in the province during more than eight weeks in one year. Chauffeurs must be 18 years of age, all other drivers of cars, owners included, must be 17 years old and must be licensed. Every car must have a lock or other device, to prevent it from being operated when left unattended. The speed limits are, in cities, towns and villages, 12 miles an hour, on approaches to steep descents, bridges, or highway crossings, 10 miles an hour, on roads outside cities or incorporated towns on which the driver has not a clear view for at least one hundred yards free from turns and intersections, 15 miles an hour, and in all other places, 25 miles an hour.

Nova Scotia.—The Motor Vehicle Act requires cars to be registered by the Provincial Secretary, who issues permits renewable annually on Jan. 1. Cars belonging to persons residing out of Nova Scotia need not be registered if they are registered where the owners reside, and are operated for private use. This privilege is given for a period of not more than three months in each year. If owners come into the province to reside permanently or to carry on business they must register. No person under 16 years may operate a motor vehicle, and paid chauffeurs must be at least 18 and must take out licenses. Cars must have devices which will prevent their operation when left unattended and must also have mufflers. The speed limits are, in cities, towns and villages and in places where there is no clear view of the road for at least 50 yards, 15 miles an hour, at crossroads and bridges, 15 miles, and in other places 25 miles an hour. Maximum speed for commercial vehicles is 20 miles per hour.

New Brunswick.—Under the Motor Vehicle Law, 1915, as amended May, 1917, the registering and licensing authority is the Department of Public Works. Cars must be registered when new and besides the registration fee, an annual fee is payable on Jan. 1. Non-residents may not operate cars registered in another province during more than 90 days in any year without registration in New Brunswick. The limit set for cars of foreign registration is 30 days. The driver of a car